

SUBJECT AREAS:

Technology and waste

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION:

Technology, waste, recycle

OBJECTIVES:

Students will understand the impact of waste on the environment and explore ways to reduce waste through technology.

MATERIALS:

Pictures depicting waste reduction strategies, Storybooks or videos about waste reduction and recycling, Recyclable materials for hands-on activities, Drawing paper, crayons, markers, Chart paper

GRADE/LEVEL:

Primary school (Grade 4-6);

DURATION:

90 minutes

Preparation time: 1 hour

Activity time: 40- 60 minutes

PLACE:

Classroom, outdoors

AUTHOR:

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Reducing Waste with Technology

INTRODUCTION:

Begin the lesson by discussing the concept of waste and its impact on the environment.

Introduce the idea of waste reduction and explain how technology can help minimize waste generation and promote sustainability.

Show pictures or illustrations of different waste reduction strategies such as recycling, composting, and using reusable products.

BACKGROUND:

Waste reduction is a pressing environmental concern that primary school students can address through technology and innovation. Recycling, composting, and waste reduction strategies are essential components of sustainable living, helping to conserve resources and minimize environmental impact. Teaching students about waste reduction not only instills responsible consumer habits but also empowers them to make a positive difference in their communities by reducing waste and promoting environmental stewardship.

Procedure:

1. Brainstorming Activity (15 minutes): Engage students in a brainstorming session about ways to reduce waste in their homes, schools, and communities. Ask questions such as: What are some examples of waste reduction strategies? How can technology help us reduce waste? Why is it important to minimize waste?
2. Storytelling and Discussion (20 minutes): Read a story or show a video about waste reduction and recycling. Facilitate a discussion about the story/video, asking students to share their thoughts on waste reduction strategies and the importance of recycling.
3. Hands-on Activities (30 minutes): Divide students into small groups and provide them with recyclable materials for hands-on activities related to waste reduction.

Recycling Sorting Activity: Set up a recycling sorting activity where students sort items into different bins for recycling, composting, or landfill disposal. Provide examples of common items and discuss the importance of recycling and composting to reduce waste.

Composting Demonstration: Conduct a composting demonstration using a compost bin or pile. Explain how composting works to break down organic materials into nutrient-rich soil and discuss the benefits of composting for reducing waste and enriching soil.

Upcycling Project: Encourage students to participate in an upcycling project where they repurpose materials that would otherwise be discarded into new and useful items. Students can create artwork from recycled materials, turn old jars into pencil holders, or design fashion accessories from old clothing.

FUN FACTS:

- *The average person generates about 4.4 pounds of trash per day, contributing to the approximately 2.6 trillion pounds of municipal solid waste produced globally each year.*
- *Recycling one aluminum can saves enough energy to power a TV for three hours or light a 100-watt bulb for four hours.*
- *Composting organic waste, such as food scraps and yard trimmings, reduces the production of methane, a potent greenhouse gas, and enriches soil with nutrients, helping to support plant growth.*
- *Plastic pollution poses a significant threat to marine life, with an estimated 8 million tons of plastic entering the ocean every year. This plastic can harm marine animals through ingestion or entanglement.*
- *E-waste, including discarded electronics like computers and cell phones, is one of the fastest-growing waste streams globally. Proper recycling and disposal of e-waste are essential to prevent environmental contamination and recover valuable materials for reuse.*

ASSESSMENT:

1. **Observational Assessment:** Teachers can observe students' participation and engagement during discussions, hands-on activities, and group work related to waste reduction strategies.
2. **Written Assessment:** Assign written tasks such as reflections or short essays where students demonstrate their understanding of waste reduction concepts and the importance of recycling and composting.
3. **Project-Based Assessment:** Evaluate students' ability to apply their knowledge by assessing their performance in creating projects or demonstrations promoting waste reduction, recycling, or composting.
4. **Peer Evaluation:** Incorporate peer assessment activities where students provide feedback to their peers on their projects or presentations, encouraging collaboration and communication skills.

EVALUATION:

Assessment methods such as observation, written tasks, projects, peer evaluations, and discussions will gauge students' understanding and application of waste reduction strategies and their reflection on environmental responsibility.