

Making Learning Fun and Ecological

Quiz/ Exercise

1. A true entrepreneur is someone who:

- a. Knows the right people, can form effective teams, move quickly and deliver on plans
- b. Has an analytical mind and is highly intelligent
- c. Enjoys social situations, is highly educated and from a wealthy background
- d. Is a natural introvert, usually has few professional connections, and is of limited aca demic ability

2. What is the reported percentage of women-led businesses internationally?

- a. 50%
- b. 33%
- c. 25%

3. Which one of these resources is not reported as a challenge to women entrepreneurs?

- a. Access to capital
- b. Access to networks
- c. Access to family support
- d. Socio-cultural role of women

4. From the UK Small Business Survey (2014), approximately how many SMEs are led by ethnic minority groups?

a. 37,000 b. 137,000 c. 367,000 d. 637,000

5. What are the two biggest challenges for graduate entrepreneurs?

a. a lack of business skills and access to finance

b. losing contact with their university network and forgetting what they learned

c. fending off multiple job offers and pleasing their parents

6. What is the main difference between disabled entrepreneurs and other diverse groups of entrepreneurs?

- a. their identifying characteristic (their impairment) can be temporary
- b. variances in their impairment has extreme impact on individual participation
- c. their identifying characteristic (their impairment) is identified as a limitation rather than a point of difference
- d. all of the above

7. Which of these is a barrier for disabled entrepreneurs entering self-employment?

- a. fear of failure
- b. too many businesses already in the market
- c. loss of welfare benefits
- 8. What are some of the challenges for green entrepreneurs?
 - a. health issues, ageism and the role of technology
 - b. the ability to physically set up an office or retail space
 - c. a lack of business skills and access to finance

9. What is a social enterprise?

- a. Social enterprises are not for personal profit organisations that derive the majority of their income from the government.
- b. Social enterprises are not for personal profit organisations that derive the majority of their income from grants and donations.
- c. Social enterprises are for personal profit but have a social mission.
- d. Social enterprises are not for personal profit enterprises that derive a minimum of 25% to 50% of their income from trading.

10. Stakeholders are:

- a. Employees
- b. Investors
- c. A group or individual affected by the activities of the business
- d. All of the above









